## Listening Guide-Episode 2 Edgar Allan Poe and "The Raven"

1.	Halloween for all the spooky movies is supposed to be a time of fun and playing around
	and giving to children and making with people you
	live around.
2.	Poe's career lasted over years.
3.	His greatest success really came in, that is going to be only four years before
٥.	he dies, with the publication of his most famous poem "The Raven."
4	It has this incredibly fun refrain; it's full of rhyme; it's got alliteration; there's a
т.	It can be emotional when you recite it out loud.
5	
	Because they were so poor, they were all living in this not-very-nice unheated room in
	New York, if you can imagine. Virginia had been sick with
6.	All of his stories are in the He's not talking about
	himself; they are not autobiographical.
7.	Poe left Richmond, Virginia where Sarah lived in July after agreeing to marry him. He
	was on his way back to where he was supposed to edit a volume of poetry.
8.	No one had seen him since the morning of September 27th, and Dr. Snodgrass found
	Poe semi-conscious and dressed in people said weren't his own.
9.	On the of October 7th, Poe breathed a prayer, and he said,
	"Lord, Help my poor soul."
10.	He is credited, after all, with being one of the original creators of the
	story.
11.	His fame and would finally change after his death.
	There was a man, sometime during the last 1930s or 40s started this personal tradition of
	going to Poe's original every January 19th.
13.	Over the years several people tried to identify him by tracing clues from the
	and talking to people at the Poe Museum.
14.	The toasting continued maybe by a relative or a close friend through 2009, the
	bicentennial of Poe's; then it suddenly stopped.

15. After 80 years, the Poe toaster has finally stopped and another
mystery in a long legacy of a mysterious man.
16. It is a whole 108 long.
17. He explains in his "Philosophy of" why it is so awesome.
18. He says the reason that's true is that a poem can really only pull off successfully one single
, and that's the point of it.
19. For him, beauty isn't the same thing as being pretty; for Poe, something is
IF it moves you emotionally.
20. Another thing that Poe wants us to be sure to notice is the You
can't miss the refrain.
21. "When it most closely allies itself the beauty, the, then, of a beautifu
woman is unquestionably the most poetical topic in the world."
22. This poem is apoem which means it's also a story.
23. He claims he wrote the climax of the poem and worked his way around i
24. In this poem specifically there are 18; and they are all
lines long, and the last line of each stanza is that refrain.
25. "Once upon a midnight dreary while I pondered and weary"
26. We see the; it's December; it's midnight; he's in this room.
27. "But the fact is I was, and so gently you came rapping"
28. He thinks there's somebody at the door, so he talks to the; he opens the
door is there.
29. Pluto is the god of the
30. The says, "Nevermore."
31. The narrator begins to think maybe his previous owner taught him this word.
32. Seraphims are•
33. Nepenthe, that's a Greek allusion, but that's a that makes you forget.
34. "A Balm in Gilead" is from the; it's a soothing ointment that kind of
cures you.
35. We have to wonder, "Is he crazy? Is he mad? Is there really a? Is he from
the Devil?"