## Listening Guide- Episode 1

Frederick Douglass-"Meet the Rhetorical Genius that Moved a Nation"

- It's really important in American history to add this idea; when Frederick Douglass is writing the United States is \_\_\_\_\_\_ old.
- 2. You can't judge a historical period only from the \_\_\_\_\_\_ of the historical period you are currently in.
- 3. It was published in \_\_\_\_\_\_ and was an instant best seller.
- 4. It is the \_\_\_\_\_\_ of his argument more than the \_\_\_\_\_\_ details that he goes through that is able to mold the minds of Americans.
- 5. The key to US history is looking at \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 6. Did a \_\_\_\_\_\_ create an individual or did the individual create the \_\_\_\_\_?
- 7. We were saying in\_\_\_\_\_\_ that "all mean are created equal and endowed by their Creator..."
- 8. He really only wrote three books, and they were all \_\_\_\_\_.
- 9. He was born in 1818 as a \_\_\_\_\_\_, but in 1839, basically at the age of \_\_\_\_\_ he's

going to hear abolitionist William Lloyd Garrison and Wendell Phillips for the first time.

- 10. By 1846 he's going to leave the country and go to \_\_\_\_\_\_ for safety.
- 11. One of the great controversies between the North and the South before the \_\_\_\_\_
  - \_\_\_\_\_, which is referred to as antebellum period, is the is the idea of the \_\_\_\_\_\_ Slave Law.
- 12. His supporters in \_\_\_\_\_\_ are going to raise the \_\_\_\_\_\_ to purchase his freedom from his former owner.
- 13. His pragmatism is just what permeates the writing constantly: it permeates the \_\_\_\_\_\_, it permeates the reasoning, it permeates the \_\_\_\_\_\_; it's very important.
- 14. He understood that the power in the \_\_\_\_\_\_ was concentrated in the hands of a small number of people.
- 15. His association with \_\_\_\_\_ got him in trouble, and he had to run away back to England.
- Douglass is called to the \_\_\_\_\_ by Abraham Lincoln to discuss strategies for emancipation in 1864.

17.	His first marriage lasted years.
18.	At the time it came out, it was printed with two by two very famous men a
	the time.
19.	Garrison was kind of a figure to Douglass.
20.	He talks about the rumor that his master was his
21.	Memory creates identity; gives you a spot in the world;
	gives you orientation.
22.	itself, because of what it is, no matter what you say about it, is going to
	have some horrible ramifications.
23.	Number 3, you're going to have to get; he's going to say this, "whips are
	necessary to keep people in bondage."
24.	Fifth, when power is assumed over life and victory, victims have no
	against the fury of their oppressors.
25.	The is the way out; it is the salvation from slavery.
26.	"I have no accurate knowledge of my"
	The dividing line between the two groups, those in power and those oppressed, is
28.	The could tell their ages; I could not tell why I should be
	deprived of the same privilege.
29.	If I were to count, six uses of the word "I" and several uses of the word my, what's "my" point
	This is a
30.	The darker you are the more you are likely to experience.
31.	To be a son of the master wasa good thing.
32.	Apparently, in the South, the white slave owner had used the as a justification
	for slavery.
33.	"If you put a around the neck of a slave, the other end fastens itself around you
	own."
34.	You have to make a logical; you have to prove your credibility on the topic, and
	you have to make an appeal.
<b>0</b> -	"I remember the first time I ever this horrible exhibition."